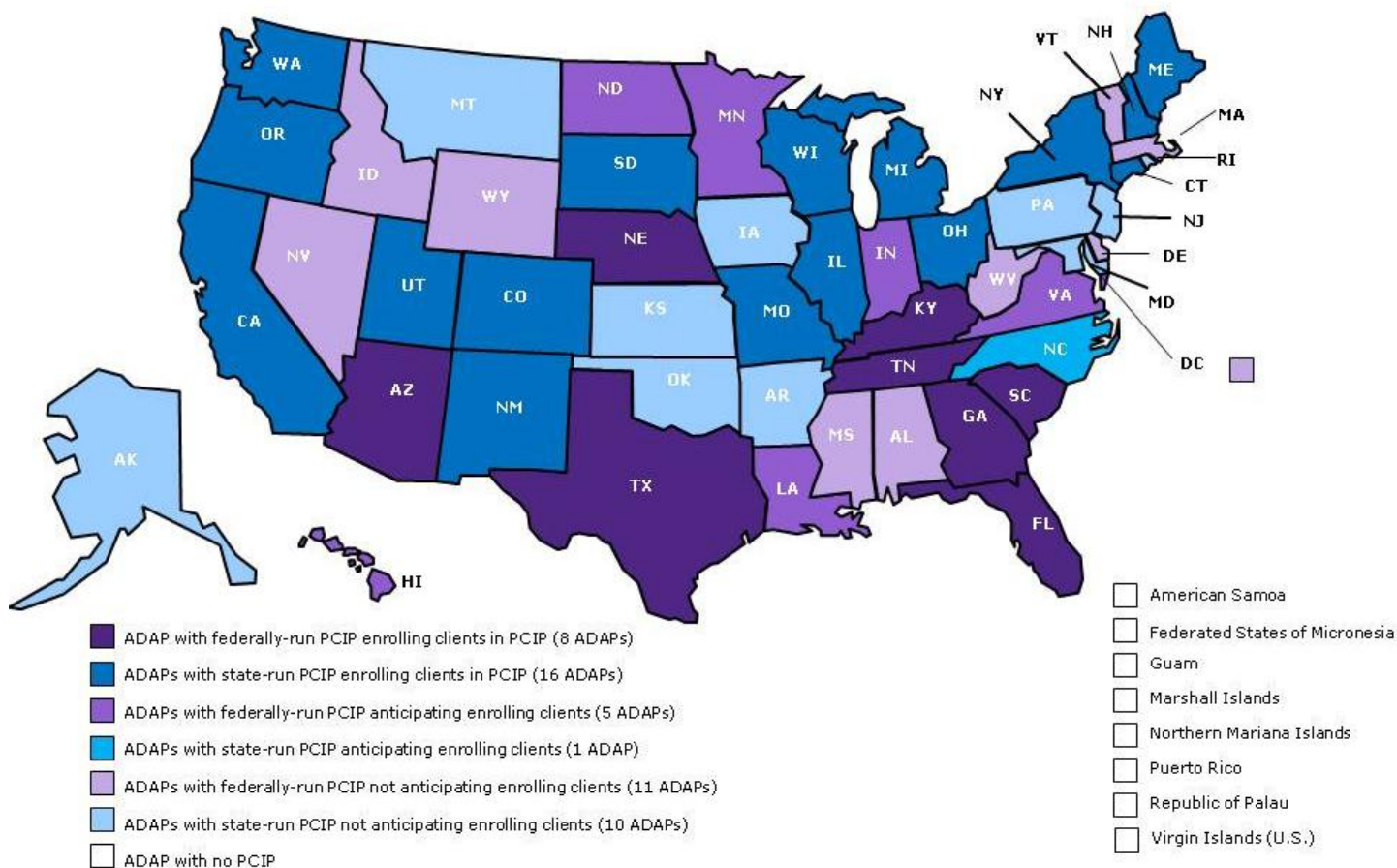


ADAP Coordination with Pre-existing Condition Insurance Plans (PCIPs), December 2011

In an effort to help uninsured individuals obtain coverage prior to 2014, the Affordable Care Act includes provisions that established a Pre-existing Condition Insurance Plan (PCIP) in July 2010. Individual states were given the option to establish a state administered PCIP or default to the option of having uninsured populations served under the federally administered PCIP. Approximately half of states with existing high-risk pools chose to operate their own, federally-funded, PCIP through the state. Other states, regardless of access to a high-risk pool, chose to participate in the federal pool. To be eligible for a PCIP, individuals must have a pre-existing health condition, as determined by guidance from HHS; be a U.S. Citizen or be lawfully present in the U.S.; and, have been uninsured or without creditable coverage for six months prior to the date of application for risk pool coverage. PCIPs went into effect on July 1, 2010 and end on December 31, 2013.

Some ADAPs have experienced barriers to coordinating with PCIPs, including the need to establish the infrastructure necessary to coordinate with the PCIP, that the PCIP in their state prohibits third-party payers (such as ADAP) and that the PCIP in their state utilizes a mail-order pharmacy that does not accept third-party payments for medications. As of December 2011, **24 ADAPs** reported having the ability to enroll clients in PCIPs and **2,393 clients** have been enrolled with plans to continue enrolling additional clients. The average annual cost per client served in a PCIP was **\$6,037 in December 2011**, approximately 58% of the annual average cost per client, based on estimated annual drug expenditures (\$10,428).



Note: 48 ADAPs reported data. Alaska, American Samoa, Delaware, District of Columbia, Federated States of Micronesia, Guam, Kansas, Northern Mariana Islands, Republic of Palau, and the U.S. Virgin Islands did not report data. PCIPs are not administered in American Samoa, Federated States of Micronesia, Guam, Marshall Islands, Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, Republic of Palau, and U.S. Virgin Islands.